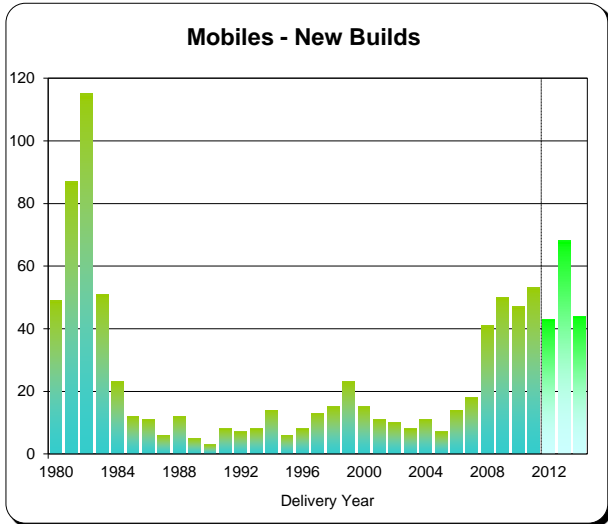
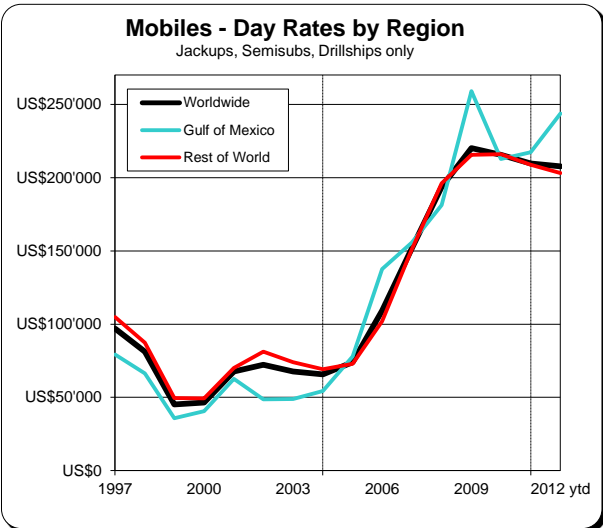


The size of the worldwide Mobile fleet continues to grow for the 8th year in a row. There has been a 3% increase so far this year and a 28% increase since 2004. Outside the Gulf of Mexico, the number of rigs has risen from 486 in 2004 to 687 in 2011 and then to 720 so far this year - an overall rise of 48%. In the Gulf of Mexico, the rig count has dropped back, to just 111 - this is the lowest volume since records began in 1990 and is now 48% below the peak of 212 rigs in 2001.

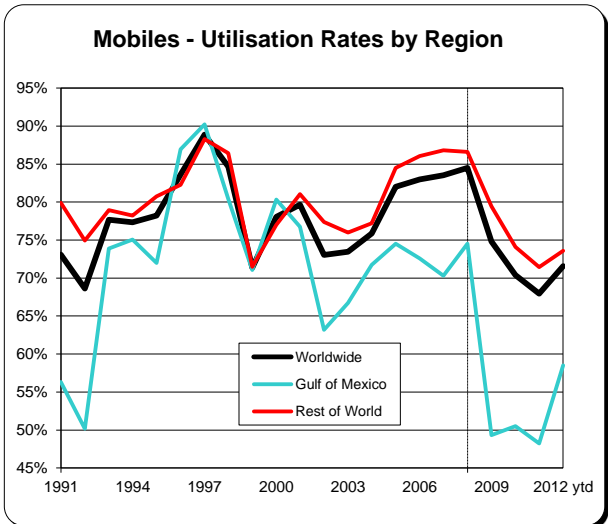


Order books remain at their highest since the boom in the early 1980s. 155 rigs are due to be constructed and delivered between 2012 and 2014. However of the 64 forecast for 2011, only 53 were built.



Worldwide day rates have continued to fall, though only by 1% for this year to date. However they have increased by 12% in the Gulf of Mexico during 2012, due in part to record rates for Semisubs. Globally, Day Rates are still more than treble the values that they were in 2004.

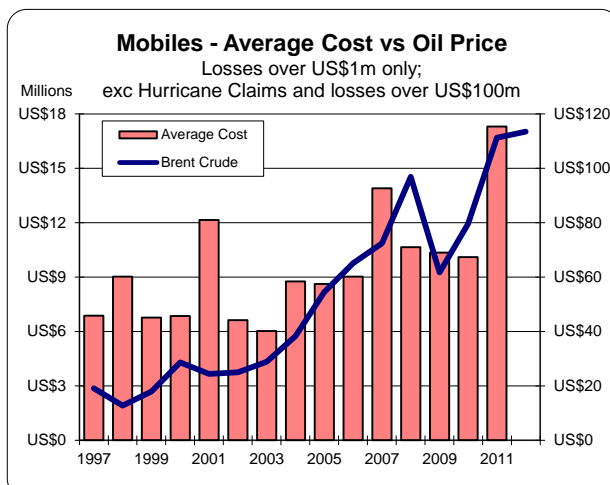
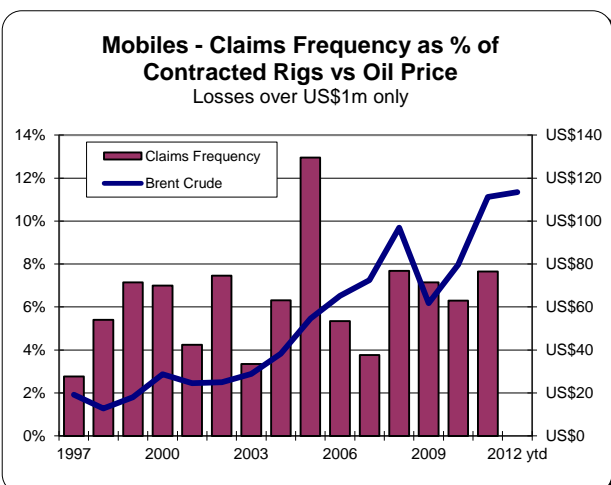
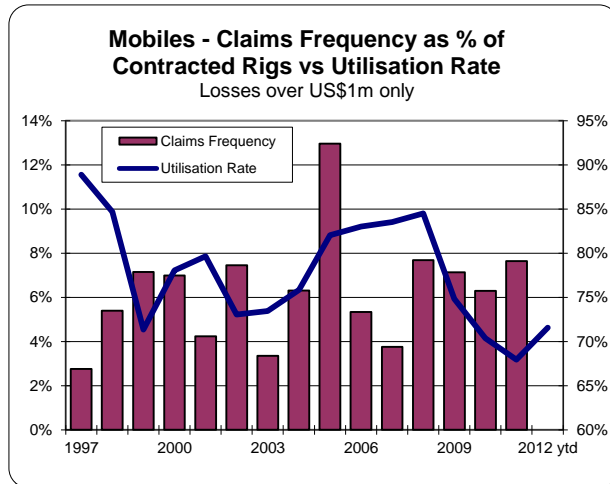
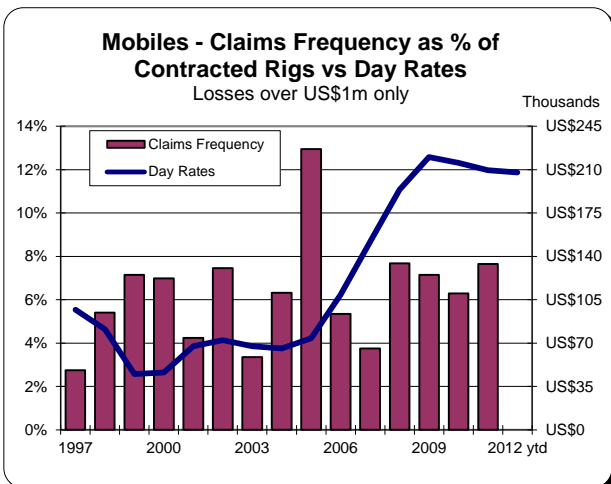
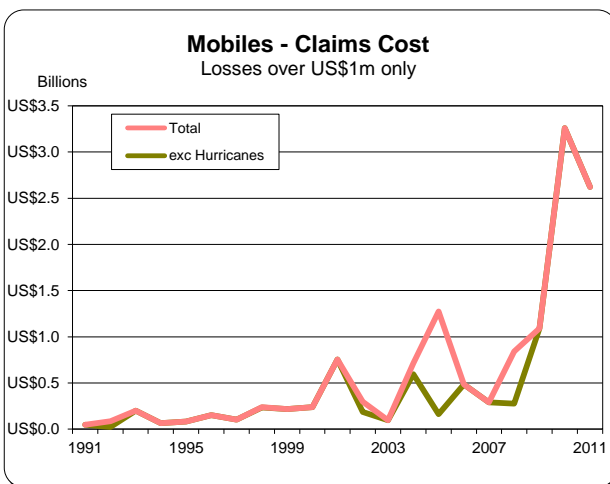
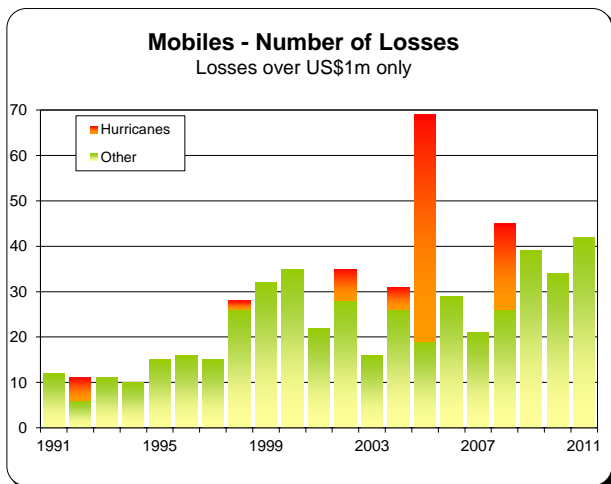
Utilisation rates have risen this year, particularly in the Gulf of Mexico, after three years of decline. Latest utilisation rates Worldwide are 72% (84% in 2008; 68% in 2011). By region, the proportion of contracted rigs this year to date for the Gulf of Mexico is 59% (2008: 75%; 2011: 48%), and 74% for the Rest of the World (2008: 87%; 2011: 71%).



Information Sources
The sources of information for this Fact Sheet are RigZone and the Willis Energy Losses Database.



Including Mobile Operating Units (MOPUs), **claims frequency has risen since 2008** from 4.5% during 2006 to 2008 to 7.0% between 2009 and 2011. The **average size of claims below \$100m has also increased** from US\$7.3m during 2002 and 2004, to US\$12.7m in the period from 2009 to 2011 - an 8% rise per annum. There have been **13 losses above \$100m since 2009** - there were just 4 between 2001 and 2008. Note: These figures exclude hurricane losses.



Information Sources
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